

Creation Date Oct-2013

Revision Date Oct-2018

Revision Number 2

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identification

| Product Description: Product Grade: Cat No. : Synonyms CAS-No Molecular Formula | <u>Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate</u> SQ Q22605 Acetic acid cobalt(2+) salt; Cobaltous acetate tetrahydrate. 6147-53-1 C4 H6 Co O4 . 4 H2 O |
|--|---|
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the | substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Recommended Use Uses advised against | Laboratory chemicals. No Information available |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa | fety data sheet |
| Company | Thermo Fisher Scientific India Pvt. Ltd 403-404, B-wing, Delphi, Hiranandani Business Park, Powai, Mumbai 400076, INDIA. |
| E-mail address | laboratorysolutions@thermofisher.com |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone number | |
| | India Toll Free: 18 00 22 22 30 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001 (202) 483-7616 |

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

| Physical hazards | | |
|--|-------------|--|
| Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| Health hazards | | |
| Respiratory Sensitization | Category 1 | |
| Skin Sensitization | Category 1 | |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity | Category 2 | |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 1B | |
| Reproductive Toxicity | Category 1B | |
| Environmental hazards | | |
| Acute aquatic toxicity | Category 1 | |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 1 | |

<u>9/45/EC</u> Symbol(s)

T - Toxic

R-phrase(s)

N - Dangerous for the environment R49 - May cause cancer by inhalation

R60 - May impair fertility

R68 - Possible risk of irreversible effects

R42/43 - May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact

R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation

H360F - May damage fertility

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician P273 - Avoid release to the environment

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

| Component | CAS-No | EC-No. | Weight % | CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 | DSD Classification - 67/548/EEC |
|---|-----------|-------------------|----------|---|--|
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, tetrahydrate | 6147-53-1 | | >95 | Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) Muta. 2 (H341) Carc. 1B (H350i) Repr. 1B (H360F) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) | R42/43 Carc.Cat.2; R49 N; R50-53 Repr.Cat.2; R60 Muta.Cat.3; R68 |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | 71-48-7 | EEC No. 200-755-8 | - | Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) Muta. 2 (H341) Carc. 1B (H350i) Repr. 1B (H360F) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) | R42/43 Carc.Cat.2; R49 N; R50-53 Repr.Cat.2; R60 Muta.Cat.3; R68 |

Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate

Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. | | | |
| Ingestion | Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. | | | |
| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device. Obtain medical attention. | | | |
| Protection of First-aiders | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. | | | |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | | | | |

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Cobalt oxides, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂). **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid dust formation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Do not ingest. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement.

| Component | European Union | The United Kingdom | France | Belgium | Spain |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--------|---------|-------|
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, | | STEL: 0.3 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hr | | | |
| tetrahydrate | | Resp. Sens. | | | |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | | STEL: 0.3 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hr Resp. Sens. | | | |

| Component | Italy | Germany | Portugal | The Netherlands | Finland |
|--|-------|---------|----------|-----------------|---------|
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, tetrahydrate | | Haut | | | |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | | Haut | | | |

| Component | Austria | Denmark | Switzerland | Poland | Norway |
|--|---------|---------|---|--------|--|
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, tetrahydrate | Haut | | Haut/Peau TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 Stunden | | TWA: 0.02 mg/m³ 8 timer |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | Haut | | Haut/Peau TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 Stunden | | TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ 8 timer |

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust MDHS30/2 Cobalt and cobalt compounds in air Laboratory method using flame atomic absorption spectrometry

| Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) | No information availab | le | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effects (local) | Chronic effects (systemic) |
| Oral | | | | |
| Dermal | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | |

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

| Eye Protection | Goggles (European standard - EN 166) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Hand Protection | Protective gloves |

| Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC | Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations | Glove thickness - | EU standard EN 374 | Glove comments (minimum requirement) |
|---|---|-----------------------|------------------------|---|
| Skin and body protection Wear ap | | opropriate protective | gloves and clothing to | prevent skin exposure |

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| Respiratory Protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly |
|----------------------------|---|
| Large scale/emergency use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced |
| | Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 |
| Small scale/Laboratory use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. |

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Hygiene Measures

Environmental exposure controls

Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance Physical State | Light red Solid | |
|--|--|---|
| Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range | vinegar-like No data available 6.8 140 °C / 284 °F No data available No information available | 0.2 M aq.sol |
| Flash Point Evaporation Rate | No information available Not applicable | Method - No information available Solid |
| Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits | No information available No data available | |
| Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility | No data available Not applicable No data available No data available 380 g/L (20°C) | Solid |
| Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature | No information available er) Not applicable No data available | |
| Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties | Not applicable No information available No information available | Solid |
| 9.2. Other information | | |
| Molecular Formula | C4 H6 Co O4 . 4 H2 O | |

249.08

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| 10.1. Reactivity | None known, based on information available | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <u>10.2. Chemical stability</u> | Hygroscopic | | | | |
| <u>10.3. Possibility of hazardous react</u> | ions | | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. | | | | |
| Hazardous Reactions | None under normal processing. | | | | |
| <u>10.4. Conditions to avoid</u> 10.5. Incompatible materials | Incompatible products. Excess heat. Avoid dust formation. Exposure to moist air or water. Strong oxidizing agents. | | | | |

Molecular Weight

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Cobalt oxides. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

| (a) | acute toxicity |
|-----|----------------|
| | Oral |
| | Dermal |

Inhalation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met No data available No data available

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, tetrahydrate | 503 mg/kg (Rat)708 mg/kg (Rat) | | |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | 503 mg/kg (Rat) | | |

| (b) skin corrosion/irritation; | No data available |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | |

| (c) serious eye damage/irritation; | No data available |
|---|--------------------------|
| (d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin | Category 1 Category 1 |

- (e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2
- (f) carcinogenicity;

Category 1B The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

| | | indicates whether cacina | geney has instea any ingr | culorit us a carcinogen |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Component | EU | UK | Germany | IARC |
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, tetrahydrate | | | | Group 2B |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | Carc Cat. 1B | | | Group 2B |

Mutagenic effects have occurred in experimental animals

| (g) reproductive toxicity; | Category 1B |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Reproductive Effects | May impair fertility. |

- (h) STOT-single exposure; No data available
- (i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available
- Target OrgansSkin, Respiratory system.
- (j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable Solid
- Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

| Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate | Revision Date Oct-2018 |
|---|--|
| Ecotoxicity effects | Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. |
| 12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence Degradability Degradation in sewage treatment plant | The product includes heavy metals. Prevent release into the environment. Special pretreatment required May persist, based on information available. Not relevant for inorganic substances. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. |
| 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential | May have some potential to bioaccumulate |
| <u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> <u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> <u>assessment</u> | The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils No data available for assessment. |
| 12.6. Other adverse effects Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential | This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance |

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| Waste from Residues / Unused Products | Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
|--|---|
| Contaminated Packaging | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. |
| European Waste Catalogue (EWC) | According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. |
| Other Information | Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. |

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

| <u>14.1. UN number</u> | UN3077 |
|---|---|
| <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S |
| <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> | 9 |
| 14.4. Packing group | III |
| ADR | |
| <u>14.1. UN number</u> | UN3077 |
| <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| 14.4. Packing group | III |
| IATA | |
| <u>14.1. UN number</u> | UN3077 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |

Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

III

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| International Inventories | | X = listed | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|------------|-----|------|-----|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|
| Component | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | TSCA | DSL | NDSL | PICCS | ENCS | IECSC | AICS | KECL |
| Acetic acid, cobalt(2+) salt, tetrahydrate | - | - | | - | - | - | - | Х | Х | Х | - |
| Cobalt(II) acetate | 200-755-8 | - | | Х | Х | - | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |

| Component | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
| Cobalt(II) acetate | | | SVHC Candidate list - (Carcinogenic, Article 57a) SVHC Candidate list - (Toxic for reproduction, Article 57c) |

National Regulations

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R49 - May cause cancer by inhalation

R60 - May impair fertility

R68 - Possible risk of irreversible effects

R42/43 - May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact

R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation

H360F - May damage fertility

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

| CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances | TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
|--|--|
| | TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - B - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative |
| ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, F | ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds |

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

Chemical incident response training.

| Creation Date | Oct-2013 |
|--------------------|---|
| Next Revision Date | Oct-2023 |
| Revision Summary | SDS section 1 updated and update of Format. |

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet