

Creation Date Oct-2013

Revision Date Oct-2018

Revision Number 2

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identification

<b>Product Description:</b>	<b><u>Tetrachloroethylene</u></b>
<b>Product Grade:</b>	SQ
<b>Cat No. :</b>	Q34305
<b>Synonyms</b>	Perchloroethylene
<b>CAS-No</b>	127-18-4
<b>EC-No.</b>	204-825-9
<b>Molecular Formula</b>	C2 Cl4
<b>Reach Registration Number</b>	01-2119475329-28

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<b>Recommended Use</b>	Laboratory chemicals.
<b>Sector of use</b>	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
<b>Product category</b>	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
<b>Process categories</b>	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
<b>Environmental release category</b>	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
<b>Uses advised against</b>	No Information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<b>Company</b>	Thermo Fisher Scientific India Pvt. Ltd 403-404, B-wing, Delphi, Hiranandani Business Park, Powai, Mumbai 400076, INDIA.
<b>E-mail address</b>	<a href="mailto:laboratorysolutions@thermofisher.com">laboratorysolutions@thermofisher.com</a>

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

India Toll Free: 18 00 22 22 30  
Chemtrec US: (800)424-9300  
Chemtrec EU: 001(202)483-7616

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 2 (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 (H319)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 (H317)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2 (H351)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H336)

#### Environmental hazards

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Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 2 (H411)

## 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Warning

### Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary Statements

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention  
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention  
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

## 2.3. Other hazards

No information available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	EEC No. 204-825-9	>95	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

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Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Protection of First-aiders</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

None reasonably foreseeable. May cause allergic skin reaction. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

## **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to Physician** Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### **Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons**

No information available.

### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Containers may explode when heated.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Chlorine, Hydrogen chloride gas, Phosgene.

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

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## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Tetrachloroethylene		STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 689 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr TWA: 345 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	TWA / VME: 20 ppm (8 heures). restrictive limit TWA / VME: 138 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 40 ppm. restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . restrictive limit	TWA: 25 ppm 8 uren TWA: 172 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 695 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuten	STEL / VLA-EC: 100 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 689 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15 minutos). TWA / VLA-ED: 25 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 172 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Tetrachloroethylene		TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 138 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 Haut	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutos TWA: 25 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 10 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tunteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Tetrachloroethylene	MAK-KZW: 200 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZW: 1380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 345 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	TWA: 10 ppm 8 timer TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer Hud	Haut/Peau STEL: 100 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 690 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten TWA: 50 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 345 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutach TWA: 85 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 godzinach	TWA: 6 ppm 8 timer TWA: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutter. STEL: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutter. Hud

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Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Tetrachloroethylene	TWA: 120.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA-GVI: 50 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 345 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 100 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 689 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutama.	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 678 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		TWA: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 750 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Tetrachloroethylene	TWA: 10 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tundides. STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutites.		STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 335 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 percekben. CK TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 órában. AK lehetséges borón keresztül felszívódás	TWA: 10 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 20 ppm 8 klukkustundum. regulated under Tetrachloroethene TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 20 ppm Ceiling: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ceiling: 40 ppm regulated under Tetrachloroethylene

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Tetrachloroethylene	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 ppm IPRD TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IPRD STEL: 25 ppm STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			TWA: 7 ppm 8 ore TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore STEL: 14 ppm 15 minute STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Tetrachloroethylene	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> vapor	Ceiling: 690 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 345 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 50 ppm 8 urah TWA: 345 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah Koža STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutah STEL: 1380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutah	STV: 25 ppm 15 minuter STV: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuter LLV: 10 ppm 8 timmar. LLV: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timmar.	

## Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Tetrachloroethylene			Perchloroethylene: 1 mg/L blood prior to last shift of workweek Trichloroacetic acid: 7 mg/L urine end of workweek	Perchloroethylene: 3 ppm alveolar air start of last shift of workweek end-cut of exhaled air Perchloroethylene: 0.5 mg/L blood start of last shift of workweek	Tetrachloroethylene: 0.4 mg/L whole blood (before last shift of work week )

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Tetrachloroethylene		Tetrachloroethylene concentrated: 1.2 µmol/L blood prior to shift.			Trichloroethanol +Trichloroacetic acid: 300 mg/g Creatinine urine end of work week

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Tetrachloroethylene			Tetrachloroethylene: 0.5 mg/L blood before the next work shift Acetic acid: 3.5 mg/L		

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			urine end of exposure or work shift		
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## Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Workers

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				
Inhalation	138 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	138 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	39.4 mg/kg/bw/day 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)** See values below.

Fresh water	0.051 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	0.903
Marine water	0.0051 mg/l
Marine water sediment	0.0903 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	0.0364 mg/l
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	11.2 mg/l
Soil (Agriculture)	0.01 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

<b>Eye Protection</b>	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
<b>Hand Protection</b>	Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.3 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals

**Skin and body protection** Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

### Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

### Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

**Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

### Small scale/Laboratory use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

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limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

**Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Colorless	
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid	
<b>Odor</b>	Characteristic, sweet	
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available	
<b>pH</b>	No information available	
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	-22 °C / -7.6 °F	
<b>Softening Point</b>	No data available	
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	120 - 122 °C / 248 - 251.6 °F	@ 760 mmHg
<b>Flash Point</b>	No information available	<b>Method -</b> No information available
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	6.0 (Ether = 1.0)	
<b>Flammability (solid,gas)</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	18 mbar @ 20 °C	
<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
<b>Specific Gravity / Density</b>	1.625 1.619	
<b>Bulk Density</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Water Solubility</b>	0.15 g/L (20°C)	practically insoluble
<b>Solubility in other solvents</b>	No information available	
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>		
<b>Component</b>	<b>log Pow</b>	
Tetrachloroethylene	2.88	
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	> 150°C	
<b>Viscosity</b>	0.89 mPa s at 20 °C	
<b>Explosive Properties</b>	No information available	
<b>Oxidizing Properties</b>	No information available	

### 9.2. Other information

<b>Molecular Formula</b>	C2 Cl4
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	165.83

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Hazardous Reactions</b>	None under normal processing.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water.

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## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals. Zinc. Amines. Aluminium.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride gas. Phosgene.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Product Information

#### (a) acute toxicity;

Oral

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrachloroethylene	LD50 = 2629 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 = 27.8 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

#### (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Skin

Category 1

No information available

#### (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### (f) carcinogenicity;

Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrachloroethylene			Cat. 3 Cat. 3B	Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs

Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs

None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Other Adverse Effects

Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

#### Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1. Toxicity



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## Ecotoxicity effects

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Tetrachloroethylene	LC50: 4.73 - 5.27 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 8.6 - 13.5 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 12.4 - 14.4 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50: 6.1 - 9.0 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	EC50: > 500 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	EC50 = 100 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 112 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 120.0 mg/L 30 min

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### Persistence

Insoluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

### Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrachloroethylene	2.88	25.8 - 77.1 OECD 305C

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and sinks in water The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

### Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disruptors Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information
Tetrachloroethylene	Group II Chemical		

### Persistent Organic Pollutant

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Waste from Residues / Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

#### European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

#### Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### IMDG/IMO

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<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN1897
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	6.1
<b>Subsidiary Hazard Class</b>	P
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	III

## ADR

<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN1897
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	6.1
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	III

## IATA

<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN1897
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	6.1
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	III

<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO
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<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	No special precautions required
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<b>14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not applicable, packaged goods
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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Tetrachloroethylene	204-825-9	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X

### National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrachloroethylene	WGK 3	Class I : 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrachloroethylene	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 3, RG 12

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

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H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration

**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**TWA** - Time Weighted Average

**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer

**PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration

**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%

**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%

**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate

**VOC** - Volatile Organic Compounds

## **Key literature references and sources for data**

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadviser - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

**Creation Date** Oct-2013

**Next Revision Date** Oct-2023

**Revision Summary** SDS section 1 updated and update of Format.

**This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006**

## **Disclaimer**

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**