

Creation Date Oct-2013 Revision Date Oct-2018 Revision Number 2

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Sodium hydroxide

Product Grade: ER, SQ

Cat No.: Q15895, Q27815, Q36105, Q1589E, Q27818, Q2781E, Q37153, Q15898, Q1589ESCS,

Q27805, Q27806, Q27808, Q2780E, Q37136, Q37156, 2781EFX, S/4920/AP1

 Synonyms
 Caustic soda

 CAS-No
 1310-73-2

 EC-No.
 215-185-5

 Molecular Formula
 H Na O

Reach Registration Number 01-2119457892-27

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

**Process categories** PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

**Environmental release category** ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Thermo Fisher Scientific India Pvt. Ltd

403-404, B-wing, Delphi, Hiranandani Business Park,

Powai, Mumbai 400076, INDIA.

E-mail address <u>laboratorysolutions@thermofisher.com</u>

**1.4. Emergency telephone number** India Toll Free: 18 00 22 22 30

Chemtrec US: (800)424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001(202)483-7616

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Physical hazards**

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1 (H290)

**Health hazards** 

Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 1 A (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318)

**Environmental hazards** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### 2.2. Label elements

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Signal Word Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

## **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

## 2.3. Other hazards

No information available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	EEC No. 215-185-5	100	Met. Corr. 1 (H290) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

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Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Call a physician immediately.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Immediate medical attention is required. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. Drink plenty of water.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if

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victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Protection of First-aiders

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. . Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Sodium oxides, Hydrogen.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dust formation. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Sodium hydroxide		2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	TWA / VME: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8	2 mg/m³ VLE	STEL / VLA-EC: 2
			heures).		mg/m³ (15 minutos).
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Sodium hydroxide		2 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable fraction)	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Ceiling: 2 mg/m³
Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Sodium hydroxide	MAK-KZW: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 2 ma/m <sup>3</sup> 15	STEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Minuten	Jg. =g	Minuten	minutach	5gg
	MAK-TMW: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8		TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	
	Stunden		Stunden	godzinach	
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Sodium hydroxide	TWA: 2.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL-KGVI: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8
		minutama.			hodinách.
					Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			_		
Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Sodium hydroxide	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8		STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	tundides.		TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	percekben. CK	
	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	
				orapan. AK	
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Sodium hydroxide	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u> </u>		
•	·				
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Sodium hydroxide		TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah	LLV: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timmar.	
			inhalable fraction	inhalable dust	
			STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15	CLV: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
			minutah inhalable fraction		
			และแอก		

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#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

#### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				
Inhalation	1 mg/m³			

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

## Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.30 mm		·

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
	To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
	Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
	Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141
	When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Prevent product from entering drains.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

(5%)

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceWhitePhysical StateSolid

Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** 14

Melting Point/Range 318 °C / 604.4 °F

Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 1390 °C / 2534 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate Not applicable Solid

Flammability (solid,gas) Not flammable Explosion Limits No data available

Vapor Pressure 1 mbar @ 700 °C

Vapor DensityNot applicableSolid

Specific Gravity / Density

No data available
2.13 g/cm3

Water Solubility Completely soluble Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

**Autoignition Temperature** 

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Viscosity Not applicable Solid

**Explosive Properties** Not explosive

Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaH Na OMolecular Weight40

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Metals. Water. Alcohols.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sodium oxides. Hydrogen.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

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#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Sodium hydroxide		LD50 = 1350 mg/kg(Rabbit)	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target OrgansNo information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable

Solid

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

delayed

Possible perforation of stomach or elophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes

severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects**Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Sodium hydroxide	LC50: = 45.4 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)			

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

**Degradability** Not relevant for inorganic substances.

Degradation in sewage Neutralization is normally necessary before waste water is discharged into water treatment

treatment plant plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Does not bioaccumulate

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12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on

the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with high pH-value must be

neutralized before discharge.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **IMDG/IMO**

**14.1. UN number** UN1823

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Sodium hydroxide, solid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)814.4. Packing groupII

<u>ADR</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN1823

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Sodium hydroxide, solid

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 8 **14.4. Packing group** II

**IATA** 

**14.1. UN number** UN1823

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Sodium hydroxide, solid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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X = listed **International Inventories ELINCS** NLP TSCA **PICCS EINECS** DSL NDSL **ENCS IECSC** AICS KECL Component Sodium hydroxide 215-185-5 Χ X Χ Х

## **National Regulations**

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Sodium hydroxide	WGK 1	

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Transport Association

Ships

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Esususincident response training.

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**Revision Summary** SDS section 1 updated and update of Format.

## This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**